

SOCIAL EMOTIONAL MENTAL HEALTH

Strategies for supporting learners who struggle with attention and/or lack confidence/struggle with change and transition:

- ✓ **Adult Support**: All adults who work with these children will nurture a positive, supportive, trusting relationship with them and will be available for support during the lesson. Learners can be given a particular role in the lesson to keep them engaged and promote active participation.
- ✓ **Strategies for scaffolding learning**: Learning will be adapted so that it is accessible to the child, e.g.
 - Consideration is given to potential unhelpful sources of distraction, such as over-frequent changes of task or unstructured group work.
 - <u>Time</u>: extra time will be given for the child to process new information and instructions with the support of visual cues.
 - <u>Learning Environment</u>: consider the seating arrangements to engage all learners and maximise access to resources – location of child to accommodate needs as comfortably as possible for the individual child. Consider that circles and grouped tables can be a barrier to attention on learning.
 - Pre-warning of change: Individuals will be alerted to any changes that will be made to the seating plan or organisation of the lesson will be shared with the child beforehand through a social script/the use of visuals/at the start of the day or day/s before.
 - Planned and unplanned sensory breaks will be used throughout the lesson.
 - Expectations of children joining in with French songs, actions will be realistic and encouraged in a supportive and consistent way.

Supporting resources available include:

- Now & Next boards
- Reward charts/dojos/lanyards
- Home/school communication
- TIS support group/individual
- Visual timetable
- Visual timers



- Time to talk
- Social group support
- Vocabulary prompts

COMMUNICATION AND INTERACTION

Strategies for supporting learners who struggle to retain vocabulary and/or comprehension:

✓ Adult Support: Drip feed key vocabulary throughout the school day. Hold discussion around MFL and other curriculum areas to embed the language.

✓ Strategies for scaffolding learning:

- provide visual word and picture vocabulary prompts that are accessible wherever necessary.
- Vocabulary is supported with actions for memorisation which is consistent across classes and lessons
- provide topic specific prompts for each lesson and for all independent activities
- use strategies such a modelling, demonstrating and imitating to support learners in understanding new vocabulary and structures
- <u>Cues</u>: Children could use a 'help card' if they feel that they need support within the classroom.
- Children will be given time to process information and to give responses to answers.
- Children can respond with actions to support their understanding and when speaking in the target language is still in its early stages
- Children can hold up specific word/picture cards to support their understanding or in response to questions
- Children use song, rhyme and repetition to support memorisation
- Vocabulary is revisited at the beginning of each session and recaps on prior learning are well paced and cover the necessary detail for the next session
- Children hear authentic audio/teacher pronunciation of the target language and are given clear support where errors or misconceptions occur
- Children are taught the full range of phonics in French and these all have actions to support memorisation and are regularly revisited and embedded into their lessons with visual support cards where necessary
- Speech will be clear and slowed in delivery so that children can understand what is being said, what information is being shared and any instructions that are being



given. This may be additional instructions that are given once the majority of the class have started their task.

- Lots of opportunities will be given to communicate in either a trusted friendship pair or small group to develop confidence.
- Positive responses and praise will be given to any attempts at communicating.
- Adults will check the child's understanding and progress throughout the lesson.

Supporting resources available include:

- Talking tins
- Visual support materials
- PECs symbols
- Now & Next boards
- Visual timetables
- Visual support materials
- SALT support
- Actions for all words and phonic sounds
- Vocabulary prompts
- Clear and repeated audio and specialist teacher examples of all spoken phrases
- Auditory aids and monitors

SENSORY AND PHYSICAL Strategies for supporting learners who have sensory and/or physical issues:

✓ Adult Support: All adults who work with these children will nurture a positive, supportive, trusting relationship with the them and the will be available for support during the lesson. Learners can be given a particular role in the lesson to keep them engaged and promote active participation.



- ✓ **Strategies for scaffolding learning**: Ear defenders can enable learners to partake in lessons with more confidence. If learners cannot hear, actions and visuals can support understanding of all areas of the target language being learned.
 - <u>Learning Environment</u>: consideration is given to the size of the group and the fact that learners may benefit from smaller groups or individual groups. Consideration is given to the lighting in the room if learners would benefit from reduced glare on interactive whiteboards and computer screens.
 - <u>Pre-teach</u>: pupils with auditory sensitivity may find singing, rhymes and preforming French songs overwhelming at times so will be given necessary preparation prior to the lesson.
 - <u>Sensory breaks</u>: Planned and unplanned sensory breaks will be used and there will be a breakout space available throughout the lesson to be accessed when necessary
 - <u>Pre-warning of change</u>: Individuals will be alerted to any changes that will be made to the seating plan or organisation of the lesson will be shared with the child beforehand through a social script/the use of visuals/at the start of the day or day/s before.
 - <u>Cues</u>: Children could use a 'help card' if they feel that they need support within the classroom.
 - <u>Differentiation</u>: Learning will be adapted so that it is accessible to the child and broken down in manageable steps.
 - <u>Time</u>: extra time will be given for the child to process new information and instructions with the support of visual cues.
 - TIS approach followed.

Supporting resources available include:

- Voice activated software
- Laptops/ICT support
- Visual support materials
- Sensory diet (including regular movement breaks)
- Move and sit cushions
- Sloping desktop
- Fidgets
- Pencil grips
- Springy scissors
- Chew bangle
- Ear defenders
- Fun-fit type exercises
- Visual prompts
- Actions to support words and phonics





COGNITION AND LEARNING

STRATEGIES FOR SUPPORTING LEARNERS WHO STRUGGLE TO ACCESS LESSONS BECAUSE OF LITERACY AND/OR NUMERACY BASED DIFFICULTIES AND/OR THOSE WHO REQUIRE ADDITIONAL TIME TO DEVELOP CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING:

- ✓ Adult Support: Use of strategies <u>like modelling</u>, demonstrating and initiating to help learners understand concepts. Encourage active participation through a scaffolded experience.
- Strategies for scaffolding learning: Provide visual aids, clear examples on w/b for all language being shared and word/picture prompts for all new language to support learners. Provide pictorial representations of a composition to provide a form of nonverbal communication. Break down content into small steps. Pre- teach: individual pupils will be given the necessary preparation prior to the lesson so that they know what to expect within the lesson e.g., handling rocks and identifying how they are being used in the environment from a range of physical resources and photographs.
- ✓ Vocabulary is revisited and regularly recapped throughout lessons and at the beginning of each new session.

Supporting resources available include:

- Dyslexia support resources including: coloured overlays, talking tins, talking white boards, reading rulers/catch me cards
- Task boards
- Writing frames
- Rainbow writing
- Chunking
- Pre-teach
- Post-teach
- Word mats
- Talking tins
- Access to learning support materials word lists
- Now & Next boards
- Visual timers
- Visual timetable
- Visual word/pic card prompts